

North East London Formulary & Pathways Group (FPG) Tuesday 4 July 2023 at 12.30pm via MS Teams

Meeting Chair: Dr Gurvinder Rull

Minutes

Attendance	Name	Initials	Designation	Organisation
Clinical Represe	entatives	.		
Present	Gurvinder Rull	GR	Consultant Clinical Pharmacology (FPG Chair)	BH
Absent	Narinderjit Kullar	NK	Clinical Director for Havering	NHS NEL
Present	Ansa Faruq	AF	Medicines Optimisation Clinical Lead for Newham	NHS NEL
Present	Mehul Mathukia	MM	Medicines Optimisation Clinical Lead for Redbridge	NHS NEL
Present	Louise Abrams	LA	Clinical Pharmacologist, DTC Chair	HHFT
Apologies	John McAuley	JM	Consultant Neurologist, DTC Chair	BHRUT
Absent	Maisarah Amran	MA	ST Clinical Pharmacology	BH
Present	John Booth	JB	Consultant Nephrologist	BH
Absent	Vikas Kapil	VK	Consultant Clinical Pharmacology	BH
Trusts' Pharma	cy Representatives	·		
Present	Jaymi Teli	JT	Lead Formulary & Pathways Pharmacist	BH
Present	Farrah Asghar	FA	Lead Clinical Pharmacist, Medicines Commissioning & Pathways	BH
Present	Suzanne Al-Najim	SA	NHSEI Commissioning Pharmacist	BH
Present	Maruf Ahmed	MA	Formulary Pharmacy Technician	BH
Present	Dinesh Gupta	DG	Assistant Chief Pharmacist, Clinical Service	BHRUT
Apologies	Iola Williams	IW	Chief Pharmacist	HHFT
Present	Saima Chowdhury	SC	Principal Pharmacist for EMRS and Education & Training	HHFT
Present	Chinedu Ogbuefi	CO	Interim Deputy Chief Pharmacist for London Services	ELFT
Apologies	Iffah Salim	IS	CAMHS Directorate Lead, Medicines Information Pharmacist	ELFT
Absent	Kiran Dahele	KD	Formulary & Governance Pharmacist	NELFT
Present	Sibel Ihsan	SI	Lead Directorate Pharmacist for Waltham Forest	NELFT

NEL Pharmacy &	& Medicines Optimisation Tea	m's Repr	esentatives		
Present	ent Belinda Krishek BK Director of Medicines Optimisation				
Apologies	Denise Baker	DB	Medicines Optimisation Business Manager	NHS NEL	
Present	Anh Vu	AV	Joint Formulary Pharmacist	NHS NEL	
Present	Ann Chan	AC	Senior Prescribing Advisor	NHS NEL	
Apologies	Natalie Whitworth	NW	Commissioning & Contracting Pharmacist	NHS NEL	
Present	Niloufar Nourishad	NN	Commissioning & Contracting Pharmacist	NHS NEL	
Present	Nicola Fox	NF	Commissioning & Contracting Senior Pharmacy Technician	NHS NEL	
Other Represent	tatives				
Present	Shilpa Shah	SS	Chief Executive Officer	NEL LPC	
Present	Mohammed Kanji	MK	Prescribing Advisor (Representing NEL Primary Care Non-Medical Prescribers)	NHS NEL	
Present	Yasmine Korimbux	YK	Senior Transformation Manager/Lead Pharmacist, NICE Medicine and Prescribing Associate	NHS NEL	
Apologies	Annett Blochberger	AB	Deputy Head of Regional Specialised Commissioning - Pharmacy	NHSE	
Guests				•	
In attendance	Christabelle Chen (6)	CC	Lead Respiratory Pharmacist	BH	
In attendance	Paul Pfeffer (6)	PP	Consultant Respiratory Physician	BH	
In attendance	Sanjay Patel (7, 8, 9)	SP	Deputy Director of Medicines Optimisation	NHS NEL	
In attendance	Navdeep Sahota (7, 8)	NS	Practice Prescribing Support Officer	NHS NEL	
In attendance	Wai Lun (Eric) Chu (9)	EC	Senior Prescribing Advisor	NHS NEL	
In attendance	Catherine Kirby (observer)	CK	Highly Specialist Pharmacist – Clinical Trials	BH	

North East London organisations:

- Barts Health NHS Trust (BH)
- Barking, Havering and Redbridge University Hospitals NHS Trust (BHRUT)
- Homerton Healthcare NHS Foundation Trust (HHFT)
- East London NHS Foundation Trust (ELFT)
- North East London NHS Foundation Trust (NELFT)
- North East London Integrated Care Board (NHS NEL)
- North East London Local Pharmaceutical Committee (NEL LPC)

No.	Agenda item and minute	Action
1.	Quoracy check	
	The meeting was quorate.	
2.	Welcome, introduction and apologies	
	The Chair welcomed all to the meeting and apologies were noted as above.	
3.	Declarations of interest from members and presenters	
	The Chair reminded members and presenters of their obligation to declare any interests relating to agenda items.	
4.	Minutes	
	The minutes of the previous meeting (June 2023) were reviewed and approved. A minor amendment from AB was noted.	
	The redacted minutes for April 2023 were agreed.	
5.	Matters Arising	
	 Action Log The action log and progress had been shared with the agenda and members were given the opportunity to provide an update on their assigned actions. 1. Action 202211_02 – Betesil® medicated plaster (request for a short prescribing guidance to be produced for primary care) – Professor Bewley is now proposing for this to be prescribed as per licensed (BNF) dosing in primary care. Chair's action may be sought if this was to be prescribed outside of licence in secondary care. FPG members agreed that a short prescribing guidance was no longer required as the plaster would be prescribed by or on recommendation of a specialist (i.e. Amber status). Action closed. <u>Terms of Reference (ToR)</u> There was a minor amendment made to the FPG ToR following the meeting in June 2023 – cancer drugs were removed from the scope of the ToR due to the lack of expertise within the FPG to review these drugs. This change was agreed and ratified by IMOC in June, therefore the updated document does not need to go back to IMOC for ratification. 	
	Update to commissioning of secukinumab and ustekinumab dose escalation (addition to NEL high cost drug psoriasis pathway)	NW

For di	The group was informed that there had been a discussion around the funding of these drugs outside of the main FPG meeting – it was agreed that secukinumab and ustekinumab dose escalation will be added to the current NEL high cost drug psoriasis pathway to prevent any delays to the funding of these drugs. There will be a separate piece of work for phase 2 update of the document. The updated NEL high cost drug psoriasis pathway with be submitted to the September FPG meeting for approval as matters arising.	To update NEL high cost drug psoriasis pathway
6.	NEL Primary and secondary care adult asthma prescribing guideline	
0.	Presenters: Christabelle Chen (CC), Lead Respiratory Pharmacist, BH Dr Paul Pfeffer (PP), Consultant Respiratory Physician, BH Declarations of interest: nil declared	
	This was a small update to the recently approved NEL asthma prescribing guideline. PP explained that the main rationale for updating the guideline was to include the use of combination inhaled corticosteroid (ICS)/formoterol reliever inhaler in step 1 asthma management. This was due to Symbicort® Turbohaler® being granted a licence for use as a preventer inhaler. Lurfobec® MDI 100/6 was also added as a preventer inhaler in the metered dose inhaler (MDI) section of the guideline (off-label use). PP highlighted that it was no longer standard practice to use salbutamol alone as a reliever inhaler in step 1, as this is associated with more exacerbations than combination therapy. There would be a small number of patients who would remain on salbutamol inhaler at step 1 (e.g. those who have not needed their reliever inhaler for a few years). However, for those who have needed to use their reliever inhaler, then it would be more appropriate to start on a combination inhaler.	
	 Summary of changes to the updated guideline versus the current guideline: Table 1: Adult Asthma Guidelines dry power inhaler (DPI) options (under step 1 and new diagnosis) – addition of Symbicort® Turbohaler® 200/6 for 'as required' low dose combination inhaled corticosteroid (ICS)/formoterol reliever use. Table 2: Adult Asthma Guidelines metered dose inhaler (MDI) options Under step 1 and new diagnosis – addition of Lurfobec® MDI 100/6 for 'as required' low dose combination inhaled corticosteroid/formoterol reliever use (off-label). This was added to keep this consistent with the DPI part of the guidance. Under low dose ICS – Clenil® MDI 200mcg replaced by Soprobec® MDI 200mcg. Fostair® 100/6 and 200/6 MDI replaced by Lurfobec® 100/6 and 200/6 MDI. 	
	The group thanked the authors for their proactive approach in updating the NEL respiratory guidelines based on latest evidence. The group discussed the risk of adrenal suppression with the use of 'as required' ICS/formoterol combination inhalers. It was clarified that the risk would generally be higher with high dose ICS preparations which	

	are not used as reliever inhalers. PP also highlight the importance of using asthma reviews/action plans to educate patients on 'asthma' management rather than 'breathlessness' management. It was clarified that the steroid alert card would be required for high dose ICS inhalers (e.g. Symbicort® 400/12) but not for the strength proposed at step 1. A query was raised around the use of salbutamol inhaler for exacerbation of asthma. It was noted that for those who are self-managing, it would be more appropriate to use combination ICS/formoterol inhaler. However, those admitted to hospital would be started on salbutamol nebuliser then stepped down to an inhaler. It was clarified that use of 'as required' combination ICS/formoterol therapy would apply to new patients and this would not be part of the NEL primary care QIPP scheme. In terms of cost, this would result in cost-avoidance when compared with 'fixed dosing' use of inhalers. Outcome Approved updated guideline (decision for ratification by IMOC). Note that Symbicort® Turbohaler® 200/6, Soprobec® MDI 200mcg and Lurfobec® 100/6 and 200/6 MDI are already included in the NEL formulary.	
7.	Primary care QIPP programme: Supporting cost-effective and greener prescribing in respiratory disease (guidance and implementation document)	
	Presenters: Navdeep Sahota (NS), Practice Prescribing Support Officer, NHS NEL	NS
	Sanjay Patel (SP), Deputy Director of Medicines Optimisation, NHS NEL Declarations of interest: nil declared	To update document based on feedback received from FPG
	This item was part of the NEL primary care QIPP (Quality, Innovation, Productivity and Prevention) programme. Cost-effective and greener prescribing in respiratory disease has been identified as an area to improve outcome for patients as well as to reduce the carbon footprint associated with the use of inhalers. This will also provide significant savings across NEL. The guidance and implementation document were developed in accordance with the NEL respiratory formulary and guidelines with the aim to support GP practices across NEL with their respiratory prescribing. The NEL Respiratory Clinical Network has been consulted during the development of these documents and these have been reviewed by the Pathways & Guidelines Working Group (PGWG). The guidance categorises the areas of prescribing that can be reviewed due to the high carbon footprint. Change of device or treatment regime can lead to significant savings as all recommendations are based on NEL formulary recommendations. It was clarified that the areas for review are not new initiatives as they are in line with local and national guidance. SS gave the NEL LPC support for the greener inhaler agenda, however it was suggested that the main focus should be on greener prescribing and not on cost. SS highlighted issues in the community whereby recent switching of inhalers (e.g. switching to Salamol®) has led to shortages and inconvenience for patients as well as prescribers and	

	community pharmacies. SP clarified that this programme would support a change in local prescribing culture, as NEL has high prescribing of MDI inhalers so the main aim is to increase DPI prescribing. Another aim is to work with patient groups to promote change and help patients understand why changing to greener inhalers are necessary. SP provided assurance that the QIPP team will be working with manufacturers to ensure stock availability before any switches. Recommendation from a practice's point of view is to ensure local community pharmacies are consulted when any changes are made. It was clarified that the plan would be to roll this out in the next 2-3 months with support for implementation via OptimiseRx® messages. There are some recommendations from this guidance that can be started straightaway and some will require an active drive from the NEL Pharmacy & Medicines Optimisation Team (PMOT). Education to primary care prescribers would include clarity on what would be expected from them in terms of making changes to prescribing. It was highlighted that some of the racional incentives (e.g. Investment and Impact Fund) to drive this agenda no longer exist. SP added that some of the recommendations would be tied in with the long-term condition framework, so these become part of the routine review process. MK commented that this guidance would be an enabler and clinicians can implement different parts of the guidance as appropriate.	
8.	 a. NEL Guidance on the cost-effective prescribing of disposable pen needles b. Primary care QIPP programme: Protocol to support the safe and cost-effective prescribing of disposable pen needles & NEL implementation of guidance 	
	Presenters: Navdeep Sahota (NS), Practice Prescribing Support Officer, NHS NEL	NS
	Sanjay Patel (SP), Deputy Director of Medicines Optimisation, NHS NEL Declarations of interest: nil declared	To update document based on feedback received from FPG
	This item was part of the NEL primary care QIPP programme and documents have been reviewed by the NEL PGWG. The NEL guidance proposed to use cost effective pen needles <£4.50 per 100 needles. This price was chosen as the majority of pen needles are now <£4.50 per 100 needles. Choices of needles were selected based on cost and compatibility with insulin pen preparations. The main aim is to identify those on expensive needles and switch to recommended cost-effective choices. It was estimated that a saving of £322K could be achieved with 100%	

	switch, however, the ICB would target 70% switch, equating to estimated saving of £225K. It was noted that prescribing varies across NEL. It was clarified that this was not a new initiative as this has been implemented in some NEL places and the aim of this work is to harmonise practice across NEL.	
	 Amendment suggested: To add a statement to clarify that disposal companies will only collect used needles via prior arrangement (DG). 	
	Outcome Approved subject to minor amendment to the guidance document (decision for ratification by IMOC). Formulary changes as part of QIPP Programme submission: as per products listed in the guidance.	
	Addendum (post-meeting correspondence) – the applicant confirmed that there was an error with the guidance. The guidance submitted to the FPG states that needles costing < \pounds 4.50 per 100 needles are included, when it should have stated needles costing ≤ \pounds 4.50 per 100 needles (equal or less than \pounds 4.50). This was because some of the recommended formulary choices already cost \pounds 4.50 per 100 needles. The guidance has been updated to reflect this.	
9.	Primary care QIPP programme: Cost effective brand prescribing for macrogol compound preparations for adults and children (implementation document)	
	Presenters: Wai Lun (Eric) Chu (EC), Senior Prescribing Advisor, NHS NEL Sanjay Patel (SP), Deputy Director of Medicines Optimisation, NHS NEL Declarations of interest: nil declared	
	This item was part of the NEL primary care QIPP programme and this document has been reviewed by the NEL PGWG. It was proposed that macrogol compound preparations should be prescribed generically for adult use. If a patient prefers particular flavours then branded generic Cosmocol® should be prescribed. As there are no generic preparations of macrogol for paediatric use, it was recommended that Cosmocol® brand should be prescribed for paediatric patients. Macrogol compound 8.5g (Transisoft®) is non-formulary and should not be prescribed, those on the 8.5g strength should be switched to standard generic macrogol compound preparations. Generic macrogol compound preparations should also be prescribed in preference to lactulose oral solution for chronic constipation. It was estimated that there would be an annual saving of £307K across NEL and OptimiseRx® messages would be used to support implementation.	
	Outcome approved (decision for ratification by IMOC).	

Formulary changes as part of QIPP Programme submission: macrogol compound preparations already on formulary, Cosmocol® agreed as the preferred brand of macrogol when generic prescribing is not appropriate.	
NEL Shared Care Guideline (SCG): Use of methylphenidate, dexamfetamine, lisdexamfetamine dimesylate and atomoxetine for the management of attention-deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD) in adult patients	
Presenter: Yasmine Korimbux, Senior Transformation Manager/Lead Pharmacist, NHS NEL Declarations of interest: nil declared	YK To update document based on feedback
The group was reminded that a Newham ADHD SCG was approved temporarily by the FPG as an interim solution to enable the running of the Newham ADHD clinic. As a condition for approval, the FPG requested for the development of a NEL-wide SCG for ADHD treatment. The group was informed that the NEL-wide guideline was adapted from the Newham document and had been consulted with stakeholders across NEL. The SCG had been reviewed by the NEL Shared Care Working Group (SCWG) and comments received had been incorporated into the document. The SCG covers adult patients and those transitioning from paediatric clinics. It was highlighted that there are variations in commissioning arrangements for the adult ADHD service in NEL and some patients are referred to private clinics due to the lack of NHS adult specialist ADHD clinics in their local area. There is a NEL-wide ADHD working group which includes commissioning colleagues to review service variations between NEL boroughs. In the interim, this SCG will provide supporting information for GPs who wish to consider shared care prescribing for patients under private clinics with the use of a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU). JB raised a concern around the risk of dependence with wide implementation of shared care for ADHD drugs, as it was unclear of the process of review for these patients in the longer terms. YK clarified that it was the remit of the specialist ADHD clinics to review and deprescribe these drugs as appropriate. In addition, there will also be specialist mental health pharmacists in primary care to support with the review of these patients. It was also clarified that there is work underway to produce an ADHD patient information leaflet, which will include information on general management of ADHD and management of medications.	from the FPG and get final version checked by the SCWG and GR prior to ratification by IMOC
 Amendments suggested: To emphasise the risk of dependence for ADHD drugs within the document (JB). Section 2, point 4a – to change to 'GPs are not encouraged to utilise this shared care agreement for non- NHS patients ' (JB) 	
 Summaries of GP responsibilities – to create separate sections for the below topics instead of having them as bullet points within the current section (DG): Stopping and withdrawing treatment Treatment breaks 	
	formulary, Cosmocol® agreed as the preferred brand of macrogol when generic prescribing is not appropriate. NEL Shared Care Guideline (SCG): Use of methylphenidate, dexamfetamine, lisdexamfetamine dimesylate and atomoxetine for the management of attention-deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD) in adult patients Presenter: Yasmine Korimbux, Senior Transformation Manager/Lead Pharmacist, NHS NEL Declarations of interest: nil declared The group was reminded that a Newham ADHD SCG was approved temporarily by the FPG as an interim solution to enable the running of the Newham ADHD clinic. As a condition for approval, the FPG requested for the development of a NEL-wide SCG for ADHD treatment. The group was informed that the NEL-wide guideline was adapted from the Newham document and had been consulted with stakeholders across NEL. The SCG had been reviewed by the NEL Shared Care Working Group (SCWG) and comments received had been incorporated into the document. The SCG covers adult patients and those transitioning from paediatric clinics. It was highlighted that there are variations i commissioning arrangements for the adult ADHD service in NEL and some patients are referred to private clinics due to the lack of NHS adult specialist ADHD clinics in their local area. There is a NEL-wide ADHD working group which includes commissioning colleagues to review service variations between NEL boroughs. In the interim, this SCG will provide supporting information for GPs who wish to consider shared care prescribing for patients under private clinics with the use of a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU). JB raised a concern around the risk of dependence with wide implementation of shared care for ADHD drugs, as it was unclear of the process of review and deprescribe these drugs as appropriate. In addition, there will also be specialist mental health pharmacists in primary care to support with the review of these patients. It was also clarified that there is work underway to produce an ADHD patient information leaflet, which will in

	 To include page numbering (DG). Summary of GP responsibilities – to combine the two bullet points around referral to specialist and perinatal teams if patient becomes pregnant (DG). Summary of patient responsibilities – to reinforce the bullet point around security and storage and to separate statement around medication for personal use and make this into a new bullet point (DG). Suggested to include an example of a good controlled drug prescription within the SCG (DG). Appendix 2 (monitoring and adverse effects table) – to change monitoring by 'specialist or GP' to 'specialist and GP' and also to ensure all sections under the last column (monitoring by whom) are completed (DG). Appendix 4 (ADHD self-report scale) – to consider removal if not relevant to shared care as reporting of score is not mentioned elsewhere in the shared care document (DG). 	
	ratification by IMOC.	
11.	Blueteq® form creation approval process	
	Presenter: Nicola Fox, Commissioning & Contracting Senior Pharmacy Technician, NHS NEL Declarations of interest: nil declared NF shared the process map for Blueteq® form creation, including an example of an excel spreadsheet that would be used to track the whole process. The Blueteq® form is created by the commissioning technician on the Blueteq® system and shared with the team for review. If nil comments are received, then the form would be finalised and activated on the NICE implementation date. It was clarified that the Blueteq® form would be shared with Trusts for comments if the associated drug(s) is/are part of a NEL pathway; forms are not routinely shared with Trusts for new NICE TAs. SC asked whether the form can be pre-populated with patient's previous drug treatment to save time. It was clarified that this could not be done by Blueteq® at this stage. NF suggested that the rheumatologist at HHFT who raised this question could be included in the rheumatoid arthritis pathway working group. It was suggested for the ICB and Trusts' formulary teams should have input into this the Blueteq® form creation process. NF advised that there is a list of current Blueteq® forms on MS Teams and this list could be shared with the NEL formulary team. <u>Outcome</u> Approved Blueteq® form creation process (decision for ratification by IMOC).	NF To share list of Blueteq® forms with NEL formulary team

NICE	FA/NHSE circulars for approval/imple							
12.	NICE TA approval and horizon scanning							
	The following updates were provided:							
		Implementation	Patie	nt no. (yea	ar 1)	Decision	Formulary	
	deadline BH BHRUT HHFT status							
	TA882 – Voclosporin with mycophenolate mofetil for treating lupus nephritis (NHSE commissioned)	01/08/2023	10	TBC	TBC	Approved	Hospital only	
	<u>TA905</u> – Upadacitinib for previously treated moderately to severely active Crohn's disease (ICB commissioned)*	21/07/2023 (30 days)	75	TBC	10 – 20**	Approved	Hospital only	
13.	* Upadacitinib to be added to the NEL in ** Information received post-meeting. NICE TAs for discussion	flammatory bowel c	lisease	pathway.				
	Nil							
14.	NHSE circulars							
	 The following NHSE circulars were note a. SS2513 – NHS England Clinical line drugs for Pre Exposure Prop b. SSC2523 – Clinical Commissionic c. SSC2524 – Specialised Commissionic August 2023 d. SSC2526 – NICE Technology App 	Commissioning Pol hylaxis (PrEP) for th ng Policy 2201: Ra sioning Update NIC	ne prev nibizur E appr	ention of H nab in Retii aisals due	IIV nopathy to be co	of Prematuri mmissioned	ty (ROP) between June an	
Stand	ing items							
15.	Commissioning update							
	ICB update							
	Nil							

	Nil	
16.	London Medicines & Pathway Group (LMPG) meeting update	
	 The following updates were provided by BK: Maintenance model has been proposed for the hospital only list, ophthalmology chapter and preferred inhalers list for COPD and asthma. This was well received at the LMPG meeting in June and it was proposed that this would be taken back to formulary teams across the 5 ICSs for agreement. The overall aim would be to start a trial of this maintenance model for 6 months (starting from September 2023). Hospital only list – aim is to get all of the BNF chapters published onto the London Formulary (via NetFormulary®) by the end of July 2023. This would be part of the maintenance work. Respiratory – aim is to have a respiratory dashboard as part of the maintenance work. Continuous glucose monitoring (CGM) – NEL ICB finance has agreed funding for type 1, type 2 diabetes and for children and young people. Other ICSs in London are in a similar position, apart from North Central London who are in the process of submitting a business case to submit to their Finance Committee (this was based on NEL's business case). Cost improvement plans (CIPs) and QIPPs: agreed at the last LMPG meeting for CIPs and QIPPs plans to be shared across London to improve efficiency. 	
17.	FPG workplan review – not discussed	
18.	Equality: monitoring of usage and outcomes – nil at present	
19.	Items for Approval	
	Terms of Reference – NEL FPG Pathways & Guidelines Working Group (update) Presenter: Ann Chan (AC), Senior Prescribing Advisor, NHS NEL	
	 Key changes made to the ToR: Working group name changed from Guidelines & Pathways Working Group (GPWG) to Pathways & Guidelines Working Groups (PGWG) to avoid confusing the abbreviations with General Practitioners (GP). Added process flow diagram for document review, approval and ratification. Updated membership – included NEL ICB commissioning and contracting pharmacist and senior technician. Removed quorum as this is not a decision-making group. 	
	Outcome Approved (decision for ratification by IMOC).	

	ation items (20 – 26)	
20.	NELFT Shared care Guideline: Management of medications for Alzheimer's disease (update)	
	Minor update and extension of expiry date in the interim while a NEL-wide document is being developed.	
21.	Papers from committee reporting into the FPG	
	BH Cancer Drugs and Therapeutic Committee (DTC) – May 2023 minutes and June 2023 agenda.	
22.	Local Medicines Optimisation group updates	
	1. BH – Summary of Chairs Actions – June 2023	
	2. BHRUT MOG – June 2023 minutes	
23.	NEL FPG outcome letters	
	1. Ustekinumab dose escalation in psoriasis	
	2. Position statement on generic and brand prescribing	
	3. Position statement for semaglutide and liraglutide in obesity	
	4. London/NEL continuous glucose monitoring (CGM) pathway in type 1 diabetes and implementation	
	documents	
	5. London Kidney Network: Chronic kidney disease (CKD) in Primary Care, early identification and optimisation	
	pathways	
	June NEL FPG recommendations ratified at IMOC on 27 June 2023	
	1. NEL high cost drugs treatment pathway for psoriasis	
	2. Ustekinumab dose escalation (up to 90mg every 8 weeks maintenance) for moderate to severe psoriasis	
	3. Position statement on generic and brand prescribing	
	4. Position statement on Glucagon-like peptide-1 (GLP-1) analogues: Semaglutide (Wegovy®) and Liraglutide	
	(Saxenda®)	
	5. Interim positional statement for the use of Dexcom ONE® real time continuous glucose monitor	
	6. London pathway and NEL Initiation and transfer of prescribing of CGM for adults living with type 1 diabetes	
	7. Request to Primary Care to prescribe CGM for adults living with type 1 diabetes	
	8. Prescribing Information for Dexcom ONE® sensors and transmitters when prescribing on FP10 forms	
	6. Tresensing micrimation for Decidin One sensors and transmitters when prescribing of the following	

	9. Semaglutide for managing overweight and obesity (TA875)	
	10. Finerenone for treating chronic kidney disease in type 2 diabetes (TA877)	
	11. Casirivimab plus imdevimab, nirmatrelvir plus ritonavir, sotrovimab and tocilizumab for treating COVID-19	
	(TA878)	
	Recommended: nirmatrelvir plus ritonavir (Paxlovid), sotrovimab, tocilizumab	
	Not recommended: casirivimab plus imdevimab (Ronapreve)	
	12. Tezepelumab for treating severe asthma (TA880) – NHSE funded	
	13. Risankizumab for previously treated moderately to severely active Crohn's disease (TA888)	
	14. London Kidney Network's - Chronic kidney disease (CKD) in Primary Care: new approaches to reduce	
	inequalities and save lives. "3 within 3" Early identification and optimisation pathways	
	15. NEL FPG terms of reference, drug application form and cover sheet	
	16. NEL shared care template	
24.	NEL FPG Chair's action – nil for this month	
25.	NEL FPG finalised minutes – April 2023	
26.	Any other business	
	FPG survey	All FPG members
	There was a plan for a survey to be sent to all FPG members and past guests to get feedback and suggestions for	To email their
	the running of the FPG. Members were asked to email any suggestions for questions they would like to be included	suggestions for questions they would
	in the survey.	like to be included in
		the FPG survey
	Blueteq® form for COVID-19 treatment	,
	NHSE has withdrew their Blueteq® form for COVID-19 treatment of remdesivir and molnupiravir. Blueteq® will be	DG
	able re-instate the form but there would be a delay due to the this being a manual process. NF stated that there	To share BHRUT
	seems to be discrepancies between NICE NG191 guidance and the NHSE Interim Commissioning Policies. NF	COVID-19 form with NF
	proposed that they will check the form when this is available from Blueteq® and also get this checked by with Trusts	INI
	prior to activation on Blueteq®. BHRUT has a separate form that encompasses all the Blueteq criteria and will share this with NF for cross-checking.	

GR informed the group that there is a BH interim policy for COVID-19 management that is being worked on by the lead microbiology pharmacist at BH, however, this got delayed due to staff sickness. The advice is to adhere to the recommendations from the NICE guidance. In exceptional circumstances where the recommendation for treatment falls outside of NICE, then this would be reviewed by the COVID-19 panel (although the panel would generally follow NICE guidance). GR suggested for Trusts to continue with their current processes for patients who fall outside of NICE criteria. Estimated number of cases that would go through the COVID-19 panel would be small.

Time & date of next FPG meeting

Tuesday 12 September at 12.30 via MS Teams – calendar invite circulated