Nursing Home.	• CO • DO • CLE	r patients MPLETE SEC NOT PERFO AR URINE -	MENT TOOL FOR CARE HOM (>65) with suspected UTI (urinary tro CTIONS 1 – 4; SCAN AND SEND TO GP VIA SORM URINE DIPSTICK – No longer recomme - UTI highly unlikely	SECURE NHS EN ended in pts >6	∕IAIL 5 years
Date		nsider MSU w incontiner	if possible if ≥ 2 signs of infection (especial nce)	ly dysuria, Tem	p>38°C or
Cough Sho	ner infection source? Yes / No rtness of breath Sputum produ cient can communicate symptoms?		Yes, circle any NEW symptoms which app ausea/vomiting Diarrhoea Abdomin 3) Complete for all patients	•	/warm/swollen area of skin 4) Catheter
NEW ONSET Sign/symptom	What does this mean?	Tick if present	Sign/symptom	Tick if present	Yes / No
Dysuria	Pain on urinating		Temperature above 38°C or below 36°C or shaking		If Yes, provide
Urgency	Need to pass urine urgently/new incontinence		chills (rigors)in last 24 hours		Reason for catheter:
Frequency	Need to urinate more often than usual		Heart Rate >90 beats/min		- Reason for catheter.
Suprapubic tenderness	Pain in lower tummy/above pubic area		Respiratory rate >20 breaths/min		4
Haematuria	Blood in urine		Blood glucose >7.7 mmol/L in absence of diabetes		Temp / Perm
		 	Bloods taken?	WCC:	

5) GP Management Decision – tick all which apply: *Prescribers should use their clinical judgement when reviewing patients as relevant information may not always be obtainable from patients.

Lower back pain

Passing bigger volumes of urine than usual

Polyuria

Loin pain

Review in 24 hours National Streets United (NASII) and single if the possible if \$2 single of info	sion (conceiglis discussion Tomana 20°C ou mossi incombinancea) ou fo	ilad tuaatus aut
Mid Stream Urine (MSU) specimen – if possible if ≥ 2 signs of inference	tion (especially dysuria, Temp>38 C or new incontinence) or fa	ned treatment
☐ Uncomplicated lower UTI		
☐ Pyelonephritis Ant	piotic prescribed	
Other (please state)		

WCC >12/ μ L or < 4/ μ L

New onset or worsening confusion or agitation

Date changed:

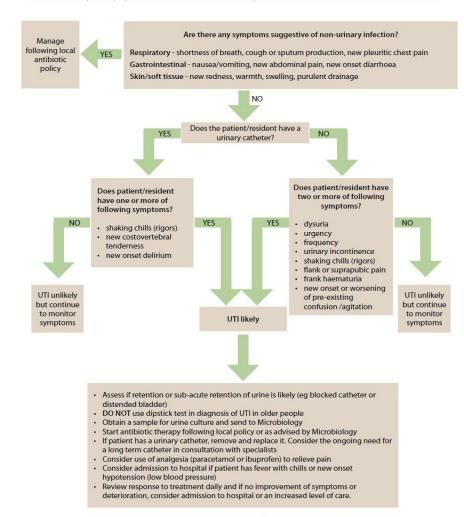
CRP:

DIAGNOSIS AND MANAGEMENT OF SUSPECTED UTI IN OLDER PEOPLE

Decision aid to guide management of patients/residents with fever defined as temperature >37.9°C or 1.5°C increase above baseline occurring on at least two occasions in last 12 hours.

Hypothermia (low temperature of <36°C) may also indicate infection, especially those with comorbidities.

Be alert to non-specific symptoms of infection such as abdominal pain, alteration of behaviour or loss of diabetes control.



East London
Health & Care
Partnership

Public Health England - guidance for diagnosis June 2017

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/urinary-tract-infection-diagnosis

URINE CULTURE IN WOMEN AND MEN >65 YEARS

- Do not send urine for culture in asymptomatic elderly with positive dipsticks.
 - Only send urine for culture if two or more signs of infection, especially dysuria, fever >38°C, or new incontinence. 4B+,5C
 - Do not treat asymptomatic bacteriuria in the elderly as it is very common. 1B+
 - ☐ Treating does not reduce mortality or prevent symptomatic episodes, but does increase side-effects and antibiotic resistance. 2C,3B+

URINE CULTURE IN WOMEN AND MEN WITH CATHETERS

- Do not treat asymptomatic bacteriuria in those with indwelling catheters, as bacteriuria is very common, and antibiotics increase side-effects and antibiotic resistance.

 18+
 - ☐ Treatment does not reduce mortality or prevent symptomatic episodes, but does increase side-effects and antibiotic resistance. 2C,3B+

Public Heath England – treatment guidance November 2017

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/managing-common-infections-guidance-for-primary-care

Developed by the Scottish Antimicrobial Prescribing Group • www.scottishmedicines.org.uk/SAPG/

http://www.sign.ac.uk/sign-88-management-of-suspected-bacterial-urinary-tract-infection-in-adults.html

References: Nina, S et al (2014). Investigation of suspected urinary tract infection in older people. BMJ 349.

TARGET toolkit for training on UTI's from RCGP Autumn 2014 http://elearning.rcgp.org.uk/course/view.php?id=117

Adapted from Bath and North East Somerset CCG

Approved by North East London Antimicrobial Resistance Strategy Group (AMRSG): 07/2018 Approved by Waltham Forest Medicines Optimisation Committee: October 2018